\*The new set of Articles of Association has been approved pursuant to the provisions of Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 and adopted by special resolution passed by the members of the Company at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 17.12.2024. These Articles have been adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles thereof.

### THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

### THE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

### **GEM AROMATICS LIMITED**

### **PRELIMINARY**

Subject to as hereinafter provided, and in so far as these presents
do not modify or exclude them, the regulations contained in Table
'F' of Schedule I of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, shall
apply to the Company only so far as they are not inconsistent with
any of the provisions contained in these Articles or modification
thereof or are not expressly or by implication excluded from these
Articles.

Table 'F' not to apply

(2) The regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance by the members thereto and their representatives, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the deletion or alteration of or addition to its regulations by resolution as prescribed or permitted by the Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in these Articles.

Company to be governed by these Articles

# **Definitions and Interpretation**

- In these Articles, the following words and expressions, unless repugnant to the subject, shall mean the following -
  - (a) "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 (including the relevant rules framed thereunder) or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any previous company law, so far as may be applicable.

'Act"

(b) "Applicable Laws" means all applicable statutes, laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, judgments, notifications circulars, orders, decrees, bye-laws, guidelines, or any decision, or determination, or any interpretation, policy or administration, having the force of law, including but not limited to, any authorization by any authority, in each case as in effect from time to time.

"Applicable Laws"

(c) "Articles of Association" or "Articles" means these articles of association of the Company or as altered from time to time in accordance with the Act.

"Articles"

(d) "Board of Directors" or "Board", means the collective body of the Directors of the Company nominated and appointed from time to time in accordance with Articles 87 to 97, herein, as may be applicable.

"Board of Directors" or "Board"

(e) "Company" means Gem Aromatics Limited.'

"Company"

(f) "Chairperson" means the chairperson appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company, in accordance with the Act.

"Chairperson"

(g) "Depository" means a depository, as defined in clause (e) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996 and a company formed and registered under the Act and which has been granted a certificate of registration under

"Depository"

fer

sub-section (1A) of Section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

- "Director" shall mean any director of the Company, (h) including alternate directors, independent directors and nominee directors appointed in accordance with the provisions of these Articles.
- (i) "Lien" means any mortgage, pledge, charge, assignment, hypothecation, security interest, title retention, preferential option (including call commitment), trust right, arrangement, any voting rights, right of set-off, counterclaim or banker's lien, privilege or priority of any kind having the effect of security, any designation of loss payees or beneficiaries or any similar arrangement under or with respect to any insurance policy.

"Lien"

"Member" means the duly registered holder from time to time, of the shares of the Company and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association and in case of shares held by a Depository, the beneficial owners whose names are recorded as such with the Depository;

"Member"

"Memorandum" or "Memorandum of Association" (k) means the memorandum of association of the Company or as may be altered from time to time.

"Memorandum"

(1) "Officer" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by the "Rules" Act.

- "Rules" means the applicable rules for the time being in force as prescribed under relevant sections of the Act.
- "SEBI" means Securities Exchange Board of India (n) established under Securities Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

"SFRI"

"SEBI LODR Regulations" means the SEBI (Listing (0) Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

"SEBI Regulations"

LODR

"Stock Exchange" means National Stock Exchange of India Limited, BSE Limited or such recognized stock exchange in India or outside of India.

"Stock Exchange"

"Tribunal" means the National Company Law Tribunal (q) constituted under section 408 of the Act.

(2) Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and words importing the masculine gender shall, where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.

"Number" and "Gender"

(3) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or the Rules, as the case may be.

Expressions in Articles to bear the same meaning as in the Act

### Articles to be contemporary in nature

The intention of these Articles is to be in consonance with the 3 contemporary rules and regulations prevailing in India. If there is an amendment in any Act, rules and regulations allowing what were not previously allowed under the statute, the Articles herein shall be deemed to have been amended to the extent that Articles will not be capable of restricting what has been allowed by the Act by virtue of an amendment subsequent to registration of the Articles.

Articles to contemporary in nature

### Share capital and variation of rights

The authorized share capital of the Company shall be such 4. amount and be divided into such class(es), denomination(s) and number of shares in the Company as may from time to time, be provided in Clause V of Memorandum of Association with power

Authorized

share

to reclassify, subdivide, consolidate and increaseand with power from time to time, to: (i) issue any shares of the original capital or any new capital and upon the sub-division of shares to apportion the right to participate in profits, in any manner as between the shares resulting from sub-division; and (ii) divide the shares in the capital for the time being into other classes and to attach thereto respectively such rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions and to vary, modify or abrogate the same in such manner as may be determined by or in accordance with the Articles of the Company, subject to the provisions of Applicable Law for the time being in

Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.

Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares 5.

in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Board who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par (subject to the compliance with the provision of section 53 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with sanction of the company in the General Meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the directors think fit, and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered to the company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the company in the General

Shares under control of Board

Subject to the provisions of the Act, these Articles and with the sanction of the Company in the general meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Board think fit, the Board may issue, allot or otherwise dispose shares in the capital of the Company on payment or part payment for any property or assets of any kind whatsoever sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up or partly paid-up otherwise than for cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly paid-up shares, as the case may be, provided that the option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in the general meeting.

Board may allot shares otherwise than for cash

The Company may issue the following kinds of shares in 7. accordance with these Articles, the Act, the Rules and other Applicable Laws:

Kinds of share capital

(a) Equity Share capital:

Meeting.

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- (i) with voting rights; and / or
- (ii) with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise

accordance with the Rules; and

- (b) Preference share capital
- Unless the shares have been issued in dematerialized form, every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month from the date of receipt by the Company of the application for the registration of transfer or transmission, sub-division, consolidation or renewal of shares or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide

Issue of certificate

- (a) one or more certificates in marketable lots for all his shares of each class or denomination registered in his name without payment of any charges; or
- (b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of Rupees Twenty for each certificate or such charges as may be fixed by the Board for each after the first.

# Limitation of time for issue of certificates

Every member shall be entitled, without payment to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the directors so approve (upon paying such fee as the Directors so time determine ) to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares and the company shall complete and have ready for delivery such certificates within three months from the date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide, or within two months of the receipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission , sub-division. consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be. Every certificate of shares shall be under the seal of the company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the directors may prescribe and approve, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate of shares to one or several joint holders shall be a sufficient delivery to all such holder.

(2) Every certificate of shares shall be under the seal of the company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the directors may prescribe and approve, provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate of shares to one or several joint holders shall be a sufficient delivery to all such holders. The share certificate may be signed by two directors or by a director and the Company Secretary, as provided under the Act

Issue of share certificate in case of joint holding

(3) Every certificate shall specify the shares to which it relates, distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the Board may prescribe and approve.

Option to receive share certificate or hold shares with Depository

9 A person subscribing to shares offered by the Company shall have the option either to receive certificates for such shares or hold the shares in a dematerialized state with a Depository, in which event the rights and obligations of the parties concerned and matters connected therewith or incidental thereof, shall be governed by the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 as amended from time to time, or any statutory modification thereto or re-enactment thereof. Where a person opts to hold any share with the Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depository the details of allotment of the share to enable the Depository to enter in its records the name of such person as the beneficial owner of that share. The Company shall also maintain a register and index of beneficial owners in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act, 1996 with details of shares held in dematerialized form in any medium as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic medium.

Option to receive share certificate or hold shares with Depository

10. If any certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Board

Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed

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deems adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of fees not less than Rupees twenty and not more than Rupees fifty for each certificate as may be fixed by the Board.

Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above, the Board shall comply with such rules or regulations or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the rules made under the Act or rules made under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other act, or rules applicable thereof in this behalf.

The provision of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.

11. Except as required by Applicable Laws, no person shall be recognized by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these Articles or by Applicable Laws) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

Share and interest in shares

Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and other Applicable Laws, any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination, and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares and attending (but not voting) at a general meeting, appointment of nominee directors, etc. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in a general meeting by special resolution.

Terms of issue of debentures

The provisions of the foregoing Articles relating to issue of certificates shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to issue of certificates for any other securities including debentures (except where the Act otherwise requires) of the Company.

13.

Provisions as to issue of certificates to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

14. (1) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, to any person in connection with the subscription to its securities, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the Rules.

Power to pay commission in connection with securities issued

(2) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in the Rules.

Rate of commission in accordance with Rules

(3) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

Mode of payment of commission

15. (1) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing, of such number of the holders of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class, as prescribed by the Act.

Variation of members' rights

(2) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.

Provisions as to general meetings to apply mutatis mutandis to each meeting

16. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that

Issue of further shares not to affect rights of existing members

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class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

17. Subject to section 55 and other provisions of the Act, the Board by the sanction of an ordinary resolution shall have the power to issue or re-issue preference shares of one or more classes which are liable to be redeemed, or converted to equity shares, on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the Company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

Power to issue redeemable preference shares

18. (1) Where at any time, the Board or the Company, as the case may be, proposes to increase its subscribed capital by issue of further shares, either out of the unissued capital or the increased share capital, such shares shall be offered:

Further issue of share capital

- (a). to persons who, at the date of offer, are holders of Equity Shares of the Company, in proportion as near as circumstances admit, to the share capital paid up on those shares by sending a letter of offer on the following conditions, namely:
  - i. the aforesaid offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time prescribed under the Act from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined; and
  - ii. the aforementioned offer shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice mentioned in sub-Article (i), above shall contain a statement of this right; and
  - iii. after the expiry of the time specified in the notice or on receipt of earlier intimation person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders Company; or
  - (b) to employees under any scheme of employees' stock option, subject to a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company and subject to the conditions as specified under the Act and Rules thereunder; or
  - (c) to any persons, if it is authorized by a special resolution passed by the Company in a general meeting, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) above, either for cash or for consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to applicable provisions of the Act and Rules thereunder. Provided that in respect of issue of shares as aforesaid, subsequent to listing of the Equity Shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange(s) pursuant to an initial public offering, the price of the shares shall be determined in accordance with applicable provisions of regulations made by Securities and Exchange Board of India and/or other applicable laws and the requirement for determination of price through valuation report of a registered valuer under the Act and the rules made thereunder shall not be applicable.

The notice referred to in sub-clause (i) of sub-Article (a) shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or electronic mode or courier or any other mode having proof of delivery to all the existing Members at least 3 (three) days before the opening of the issue or such time period as may be prescribed under Applicable Law.

for

The provisions contained in this Article shall be subject to the provisions of the section 42 and section 62 of the Act, the rules thereunder and other applicable provisions of the Act.

(2) Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the debentures issued or loans raised by the Company to convert such debenture or loans into shares in the Company.

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such debenture or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the Company in general meeting.

(3) A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules with pricing method prescribed to listed entities under SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended from time to time, if applicable.

Mode of further issue of shares

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-Article (2), where any debentures have been issued, or loan has been obtained from any Government by a company, and if that Government considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, by order, direct that such debentures or loans or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the company on such terms and conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case even if terms of the issue of such conversion:

Provided that where the terms and conditions of such conversion are not acceptable to the company, it may, within sixty days from the date of communication of such order, appeal to the Tribunal which shall after the company and Government pass such order as it deems fit.

- (5) In determining the terms and conditions of conversion under sub-Article (4), the Government shall have due regard to the financial position of the company, the terms of issue of debentures or loans, as the case may be, the rate of interest payable on such debentures or loans and such other matters as it may necessary.
- (6) Where the Government has, by an order made under sub- Article (4), directed that any debenture or loan or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in a company and where no appeal has been preferred to the Tribunal under sub- Article (4) or where such appeal has been dismissed, the memorandum of such company shall, stand altered and the authorized share capital of such company shall stand increased by an amount equal to the amount of the value of shares which such debentures or loans or part thereof has been converted into.

# Dematerialisation of securities

- The provisions of this Article shall apply notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other Articles.
- 20. The Board or any Committee thereof shall be entitled to dematerialize securities or to offer securities in a dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996, as amended. The provisions of this Section will be applicable in case of such Securities as are or are intended to be dematerialized.
- 21. Every holder of or subscriber to securities of the Company certificates for such securities or to hold the securities with a Depository. Such a person who is the Beneficial Owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a Depository, if permitted by law, in respect of any securities in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, 1996, and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed by law, issue to the Beneficial Owner the required certificates for the Securities.
- 22. If a person opts to hold his securities with the Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depository the details of allotment of the securities, and on receipt of the information, the

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- Depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the Beneficial Owner of the securities
- 23. All securities held by a Depository shall be dematerialized and be in fungible form. Nothing contained in Sections 89 of the Act shall apply to a Depository in respect of the securities held by on behalf of the Beneficial Owners.
- 24. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, a Depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of Securities of the Company on behalf of the Beneficial Owner.
- 25. ii. Save as otherwise provided in sub-clause above, the Depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held
- 26. iii. Every person holding Securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the Beneficial Owner of securities in the record of the Depository shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of the Securities which are held by a Depository and shall be deemed to be a Member of the Company.
- 27. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, where Securities of the Company are held in a Depository, the records of the beneficiary ownership may be served by such Depository on the Company by means of Electronic Mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.
- 28. Nothing contained in Section 56 of the Act or anything to the contrary contained in these Articles shall apply to a transfer of Securities effected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as Beneficial Owners in the records of a Depository.
- 29. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, where Securities are dealt with by a Depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the Depository immediately on allotment of such securities.
- 30. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Company shall apply to securities held with a Depository.
- 31. The Register and Index of Beneficial Owners maintained by Depository under the Depositories Act, 1996, as amended shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members and Security holders for the purposes of these Articles.

#### Lien

- 32. The fully paid shares will be free from all lien, while the Company (1) Company's lien on shall have a first and paramount Lien shares
  - (a) on every share/debenture (not being a fully paid share/debenture) registered in the name of each Member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share/debenture; and
  - (b) on all shares/debentures (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a member, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the Company:

Provided that the Board may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article.

Provided further that Company's lien, if any, on such partly paid shares, shall be restricted to money called or payable at a fixed price in respect of such shares.

Further, no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Article will have full effect, and such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures.

(2) The Company's Lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all Lien to extend to dividends or interest, as the case may be, payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares for any money owing to the Company.

dividends, etc.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed by the Board, the registration of a Waiver of Lien in case transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's Lien, if any, on such shares/debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this clause.

of registration

33. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a Lien:

As to enforcing Lien by

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the Lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the Lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or to the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency or otherwise.

No Member shall exercise any voting right in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid, or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.

34. (1) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

Validity of sale

The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

Purchaser to be registered holder

The receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale thereof shall (subject, if necessary, to execution of an instrument of transfer or a transfer by relevant system, as the case may be) constitute a good title to the share and the purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the share.

Validity of Company's receipt

The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings with reference to the sale

Purchaser not affected

35. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the Lien exists as is presently payable.

Application of proceeds of sale

The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like Lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the

Payment of residual money

In exercising its lien, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or unless required by law) be bound to recognise any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any other person, whether a creditor of the registered holder or otherwise. The Company's lien shall prevail notwithstanding that it has received notice of any such claim.

Outsider's Lien Not to Affect Company's Lien

36. The provisions of these Articles relating to Lien shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

Provisions as to Lien to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

#### Calls on shares

37. The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of

Board may make Calls

premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times;

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the preceding call.

(2) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the Company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

Notice of call

(3) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board

Revocation or postponement of call

38. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.

Call to take effect from date of resolution

The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

Liability of joint holders of shares

40. (1) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof (the "due date"), the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the due date to the time of actual payment at such rate as may be fixed by the Board.

When interest on call or instalment payable

(2) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

Board may waive interest

41. (1) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

Sums deemed to be calls

(2) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Effect of nonpayment of sums

The Board –

Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest

- (a) may, if it thinks fit, subject to the provisions of the Act, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate as may be fixed by the Board. Nothing contained in this clause shall confer on the member (a) any right to participate in profits or dividends or (b) any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable by him.

The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.

43. If by the conditions of allotment of any shares, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, then every such installment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, is or shall be the registered holder of the share or the legal representative of a deceased registered holder.

Installments on shares to be duly paid

44. All calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class.

Calls on shares of same class to be on uniform basis

for

Explanation: Shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid-up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.

The provisions of these Articles relating to calls shall *mutatis* mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

Provisions as to calls to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

### Transfer of shares

46. (1) A common form of transfer shall be used and the instrument of transfer of any share in the Company shall be in writing which shall be duly executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee and all provisions of section 56 of the Act and statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof.

Instrument of transfer to be executed by transferor and transferee

- (2) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by the section 58 of the Act decline to register –

Board may refuse to register transfer

- (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
- (b) any transfer of shares on which the Company has a Lien.

The registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever.

Subject to the provisions of the Act, these Articles and any other law for the time being in force, the Board may refuse whether in pursuance of any power of the company under these Articles or otherwise to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any shares or interest of a Member in or debentures of the Company.

The Company shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal. Provided that the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares.

48. The Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless-

Board may decline to recognize instrument of transfer

- (a) the instrument of transfer is duly executed and is in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under sub-section
   (1) of section 56 of the Act;
- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

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The registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever

49 On giving of previous notice of at least seven days or such lesser period in accordance with the Act and Rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Transfer of shares when suspended

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

Subject to the provisions of sections 58 and 59 of the Act, these 50 Articles and other applicable provisions of the Act or any other Applicable Laws for the time being in force, the Board may refuse whether in pursuance of any power of the Company under these Articles or any other Applicable Laws to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of Applicable Laws of the right to, any shares or interest of a member in or debentures of the Company. The Company shall within one (1) month from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to Company, or such other period as may be prescribed, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal. Provided that, subject to provisions of Article 35, the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever. Transfer of shares/debentures in whatever lot shall not be refused.

Notice of refusal to register transfer

51. The provisions of these Articles relating to transfer of shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

Provisions as to transfer of shares to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

### Transmission of shares

52. On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.

Title to shares on death of a member

Nothing in clause (1) shall release the estate of a deceased joint Estate of deceased holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

member liable

Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the Transmission Clause 53. death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either -

- (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
- (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (2)The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

Board's right unaffected

54. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.

Right to election of holder of share

(2) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.

Manner of testifying election

(3) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

Limitations applicable to notice

A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company:

Claimant to be entitled to same advantage

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

The provisions of these Articles relating to transmission by operation of law shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

Provisions as to transmission to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney or similar other document.

No fee for transfer or transmission

#### Forfeiture of shares

If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call or any money due in respect of any share, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid or a judgement or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment or other money as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment.

If call or instalment not paid notice must be given

59. The notice aforesaid shall:

Form of Notice

- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
- (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
- 60. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

In default of payment of shares to be forfeited

61. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the defaulting member and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register of members.

Entry of forfeiture in register of members

62. The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights

Effect of forfeiture

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incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles expressly saved.

63. (1) A forfeited share shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.

Forfeited shares may be sold, etc.

(2) At any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit. Cancellation of forfeiture

64. (1) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay, and shall pay, to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.

Members still liable to pay money owing at the time of forfeiture

(2) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

Cesser of liability

65. (1) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;

Certificate of forfeiture

(2) The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person the share is sold or disposed of;

Title of purchaser and transferee of forfeited shares

(3) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and

Transferee to be registered as holder

(4) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

Transferee not affected

Of the powers hereinabove given, the Board may, if necessary, appoint some person to execute an instrument for transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register of members in respect of the shares sold and after his name has been entered in the register of members in respect of such shares the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person.

Validity of sales

Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate(s), if any, originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company has been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and be of no effect, and the Board shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate(s) in respect of the said shares to the person(s) entitled thereto.

Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares

68. The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering them on such terms as they think fit.

Surrender of share certificates

69. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Sums deemed to be

70. The provisions of these Articles relating to forfeiture of shares shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.

Provisions as to forfeiture of shares to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

**Borrowing Powers** 

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71. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may from time to time, at its own discretion, borrow monies by passing a resolution at meetings of the Board; provided however, that if the monies to be borrowed, together with the money already borrowed by the Company exceeds the aggregate of the paid-up share capital and free reserves and securities premium of the Company, then such borrowing must be approved by way a special resolution in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Power of the Board to borrow monies

#### Copies of memorandum and articles to be sent to members

72. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of other documents referred to in Section 17 of the Act shall be sent by the Board to every Member at his request, within 7 days of the request, on payment of rupee one hundred for each copy.

#### Alteration of capital

73. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company in its general Power meetings may, by an ordinary resolution, from time to time - capital

Power to alter share capital

- (a) increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount as it thinks expedient;
- (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger or smaller amount than its existing shares:

Provided that any consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of members shall require applicable approvals under the Act;

- (c) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (d) sub-divide or consolidate its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum:
- (e) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution at the date of such general meeting, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of shares so cancelled.
- 74. Where shares are converted into stock:

Right of stockholders

- (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same Articles under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:
  - Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose;
- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage;

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- (c) such of these Articles of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder"/ "member" shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.
- The Company may, by resolution as prescribed by the Act, 75. reduce in any manner and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules, -

Reduction of capital

- (a) its share capital; and/or
- (b) any capital redemption reserve account; and/or
- (c) any securities premium account; and/or
- (d) any other reserve in the nature of share capital.

76. more than three) of any share, they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship, subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles:

(a) The joint-holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or instalments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.

Liability of Joint holders

(b) On the death of any one or more of such joint-holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Board may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

Death of one or more joint-holders

(c) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.

Receipt one Sufficient

(d) Only the person whose name stands first in the register of members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to the delivery of certificate, if any, relating to such share or to receive notice (which term shall be deemed to include all relevant documents) and any notice served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the jointholders.

Delivery of certificate and giving of notice to first named holder

(i) Any one of two or more joint-holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.

Vote of joint holders

(ii) Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose (deceased member) sole name any share stands, shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint-holders.

Executors administrators as joint holders

(f) The provisions of these Articles relating to joint holders of shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company registered in joint

Provisions as to joint holders as to shares to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.

#### Capitalization of profits

- 77. (1) The Company by ordinary resolution in general meeting may, Capitalization upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve
  - (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
  - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) below amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
  - (2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (3) below, either in or towards:

Sum how applied

- (a) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
- (b) paying up in full, unissued shares or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
- (c) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (a) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (b).
- (3) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account or any other permissible reserve account may, for the purposes of this Article, be applied in the paying up of shares to be issued to members of the Company as bonus shares;
- (4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of these Article.
- 78. (1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall –

Powers of the Board for capitalization

- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or other securities, if any; and
- (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- (2) The Board shall have power—

Board's power to issue fractional certificate/coupon etc.

- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of certificates/coupons or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares or other becoming distributable in fractions; and
- (b) to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares or other securities to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalized, of the amount or any part of the remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
- (3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

Agreement binding on members

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#### **Buy-back of shares**

Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject Buy-back of shares 79. to all applicable provisions of the Act or any other Applicable Laws for the time being in force, the Company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

#### **General meetings**

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80. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.

Extraordinary general meetina

81. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.

Powers of Board to call extraordinary general meeting

#### Proceedings at general meetings

No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.

Presence of Quorum

83 No business shall be discussed or transacted at any general meeting except election of Chairperson whilst the chair is vacant.

Business confined to election of Chairperson whilst chair vacant

84 The quorum for a general meeting shall be as provided in the Act.

Quorum for general meeting

85 If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall, by poll or electronically, choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Members to elect a Chairperson

On any business at any general meeting, in case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or electronically or on a poll, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

Casting vote of Chairperson at general meetina

87. The Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of members or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed by the Rules and kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned or passing of resolution by postal ballot entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.

Minutes of proceedings of meetings and resolutions passed by postal ballot

There shall not be included in the minutes any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairperson of the meeting -

Certain matters not to be included in Minutes

- (a) is, or could reasonably be regarded, as defamatory of any person; or
- (b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or
- (c) is detrimental to the interests of the Company.
- The Chairperson shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in the aforesaid clause.

Discretion Chairperson in relation to Minutes

The minutes of the meeting kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Minutes to be Evidence

88. The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company or a resolution passed by postal ballot shall:

Inspection of minute books of general meetina

- (a) be kept at the registered office of the Company; and
- (b) be open to inspection of any member without charge, during business hours on all working days.

(2) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished, within the time prescribed by the Act, after he has made a request in writing in that behalf to the Company and on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Board, with a copy of any minutes referred to in clause (1) above.

Members may obtain copy of minutes

### Adjournment of meeting

89. (1) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting,, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.

Chairperson may adjourn the meeting

(2) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Business at adjourned meeting

(3) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

Notice of adjourned meeting

(4) Save as aforesaid, and save as provided in the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Notice of adjourned meeting not required

### Voting rights

90. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares -

Entitlement to vote on show of hands and on poll

- (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
- (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up Equity Share capital of the company.
- 91. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with the Act and shall vote only once.

Voting through electronic means

92. (1) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.

Vote of joint holders

(2) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

Seniority of names

93. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians.

How members non compos mentis and minor may vote

94. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

Business may proceed pending poll

95. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of Lien.

Restriction on voting rights

96. A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting on the ground that he has not held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in the preceding Article.

Restriction on exercise of voting rights in other cases to be void

97. Any member whose name is entered in the register of members of the Company shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other members of the same class.

Equal rights of members

### Proxy

98. (1) Any member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may do so either personally or through his constituted attorney

Member may vote in person or otherwise

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or through another person as a proxy on his behalf, for that meeting.

The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Proxies when to be deposited

99. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as Form of proxy prescribed in the Rules.

100. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Proxy to be valid notwithstanding death of the principal

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

#### **Board of Directors**

101 Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of directors on the Board of Directors of the Company shall not be less than 3 (three) and shall not be more than 15 (fifteen). Provided that the Company may appoint more than 15 (fifteen) directors after passing a special resolution.

**Board of Directors** 

The provisions of this Article 87A shall be subject to and 87A effective from the date of receipt of shareholders' approval, through a special resolution to this effect in a general meeting of the Company, following the listing and commencement of trading of Equity Shares of the Company on a recognized Stock Exchange pursuant to an initial public offering of Equity Shares of the Company.

Investor's right to appoint a director

Subject to applicable laws, statutory and regulatory approvals and these Articles, any shareholder holds, whether directly or indirectly, an aggregate interest (including any beneficial interest) in the Equity Shares which is equivalent to, or more than 10 % of the issued share capital of the Company, shall have the right by notice in writing to nominate 1 (one) director to the Board till the time the such investor holds, more than 10 % of the issued share capital of the Company on fully diluted basis.

102. The directors shall not be required to hold any qualification shares in the Company.

88A The Board of Directors shall appoint the Chairperson of the (1) Company.

Chairperson and Managing Director

The same individual may, at the same time, be appointed as the Chairperson as well as the Managing Director of the Company.

(2) The Board shall have the power to determine the directors whose period of office is or is not liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation.

Directors not liable to retire by rotation

103. The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.

Remuneration of **Directors** 

The remuneration payable to the directors, including manager, if any, shall be determined in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act by an ordinary resolution passed by the Company in general meeting.

Remuneration to require members' consent

(3) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of Travelling and other the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses expenses properly incurred by them-

- in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the Company; or
- (b) in connection with the business of the Company.
- Subject to the provisions of these Articles and the provisions of the Act, the Board may, decide to pay a Director out of funds of the Company by way of sitting fees, within the ceiling prescribed under the Act, a sum to be determined by the Board for each meeting of the Board or any committee or sub-committee thereof attended by him in addition to his traveling, boarding and lodging and other expenses incurred.

Sitting Fees

### APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

104. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board of Directors, may from time to time, appoint one or more of the Directors to be Managing Director or Managing Directors or other whole-time Director(s) of the Company, for a term not exceeding five years at a time and may, from time to time, (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places and the remuneration of Managing or Whole-Time Director(s) by way of salary and commission shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act.

Appointment

105. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall appoint Independent Directors, who shall have appropriate experience and qualifications to hold a position of this nature on the Board.

Independent Director

106. Subject to the provisions of section 196, 197 and 188 read with Schedule V to the Act, the Directors shall be paid such further remuneration, whether in the form of monthly payment or by a percentage of profit or otherwise, as the Company in general meeting may, from time to time, determine and such further remuneration shall be divided among the Directors in such proportion and in such manner as the Board may, from time to time, determine and in default of such determination shall be divided among the Directors equally or if so determined paid on a monthly basis.

Remuneration

107. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, and the provisions of the Act, if any Director, being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra service or to make any special exertions in going or residing away from the place of his normal residence for any of the purposes of the Company or has given any special attendance for any business of the Company, the Company may remunerate the Director so doing either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Director

Payment for Extra Service

All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange 108. and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

Execution of negotiable instruments

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power 109. at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the Articles.

Appointment of additional directors

Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

Duration of office of additional director

110. The Board may appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter in this Article called "the Original Director") during

Appointment of alternate director

his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act.

(2) An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India

Duration of office of alternate director

(3) If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he returns to India the automatic reappointment of retiring directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.

Re-appointment provisions applicable to Original Director

111. (1) If the office of any director appointed by the Company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board.

Appointment of director to fill a casual vacancy

(2) The director so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.

Duration of office of Director appointed to fill casual vacancy

#### **Powers of Board**

The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board and the Board may exercise all such powers, and do all such acts and things, as the Company is by the Memorandum or otherwise authorized to exercise and do, and, not hereby or by the statute or otherwise directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and other Applicable Laws and of the Memorandum and these Articles and to any regulations, not being inconsistent with the Memorandum and these Articles or the Act, from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made

General powers of the Company vested in Board

#### Proceedings of the Board

113. (1) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.

When meeting to be convened

Provided that the gap between the two Board meetings shall not be more than 120 days or such other days as may be under applicable law.

(2) The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous consent of the Chairperson may, or the company secretary on the direction of the Chairperson shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

Who may summon Board meeting

(3) The quorum for a Board meeting shall be as provided in the Act.

Quorum for Board meetings

(4) The participation of directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio-visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under Applicable Laws.

Participation at Board meetings

(5) At least 7 (seven) Days' written notice shall be given in writing to every Director by hand delivery or by speed-post or by registered post or by facsimile or by email or by any other electronic means, either (i) in writing, or (ii) by fax, e-mail or other approved electronic communication, receipt of which shall be confirmed in writing as soon as is reasonably practicable, to each Director, setting out the agenda for the meeting in reasonable detail and attaching the relevant papers to be discussed at the meeting and all available data and information relating to matters to be discussed at the meeting except as otherwise agreed in writing by all the Directors.

Notice of Board meetings

Provided that a meeting of the Board may be called at a shorter notice in accordance with the provisions of the Applicable Laws.

Ha

114.	(1)	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questi arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided b majority of votes.	ons Questions at Board y a meeting how decided
	(2)	In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board any, shall have a second or casting vote.	d, if Casting vote of Chairperson at Board meeting
115.		The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vaca in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced be the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, continuing directors or director may act for the purpose increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quoru or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for other purpose.	ow when number falls the below minimum of
116.	(1)	The Chairperson of the Company shall be the Chairperson meetings of the Board. In his absence, the Board may electrairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.	t a meetings of the Board
	(2)	If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting to Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the till appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present meetings one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting	me Chairperson nav
117.	(1)	The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegany of its powers to Committees consisting of such member members of its body as it thinks fit.	ate Delegation of powers or
	(2)	Any Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the power so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposion it by the Board.	ers Committee to conform ed to Board regulations
	(3)	The participation of directors in a meeting of the Committee meeting of the Committee meeting in person or through video conferencing or audio-visu means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rul or permitted under Applicable Laws.	ual Committee meetings
118.	(1)	A Committee may elect a chairperson of its meetings unless t Board, while constituting a Committee, has appointed Chairperson of such Committee.	he Chairperson of a Committee
	(2)	If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting to Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the tire appointed for holding the meeting, the members present members one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.	ne meetings of Committee
119.	(1)	A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.	Committee to meet
	(2)	Questions arising at any meeting of a Committee shall I determined by a majority of votes of the members present.	ce Questions at Committee meeting how decided
	(3)	In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Committee shall have a second or casting vote.	ne Casting vote of Chairperson at Committee meeting
120.		All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a Committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, sha notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that the was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or are of them were disqualified or that his or their appointment has terminated, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.	III, Committee valid re notwithstanding defect ch of appointment
121.		Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution writing, signed, whether manually or by secure electronic modby a majority of the members of the Board or of a Committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or Committee, shall be valid and effective as if had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee, du convened and held.	e, by ee Circulation ig it

Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer

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122. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, -

Chief Executive Officer, etc.

A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary and chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary and chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board; and the Board may appoint one or more chief executive officers for its multiple businesses.

(b) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

Director may be chief executive officer, etc.

#### Registers

123.

The Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers namely, register of charges, register of members, register of debenture holders, register of any other security holders, the register and index of beneficial owners and annual return, register of loans, guarantees, security and acquisitions, register of investments not held in its own name and register of contracts and arrangements for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules.

Statutory registers

The registers and copies of annual return shall be open for inspection during business hours on all working days, at the registered office of the Company by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Rules.

124. (a) The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the Act with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of the Act) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

Foreign register

(b) The foreign register shall be open for inspection and may be closed, and extracts may be taken therefrom and copies thereof may be required, in the same manner, *mutatis mutandis*, as is applicable to the register of members.

# **Dividends and Reserve**

The Company in general meeting may declare dividends. No dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board but the Company in general meeting may declare a lesser dividend.

Company in general meeting may declare dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends of such amount on such class of shares and at such times as it may think fit.

Interim dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such special dividends of such amount on such class of shares and at such times as it may think fit.

Special dividends

127. (1) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applied for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.

Dividends only to be paid out of profits

(2) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

Carry forward of Profits

128. (1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long

Division of profits

for

as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.

(2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid on the share.

Payments in advance

(3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

Dividends to be apportioned

The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the Company and Company's right to reimbursement therefrom

(2) The Board may retain dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under the Transmission clause hereinbefore contained, entitled to become a member, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares.

Retention of dividends

130. (1) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by electronic mode or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.

Dividend how remitted

(2) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

Instrument of Payment

(3) Payment in any way whatsoever shall be made at the risk of the person entitled to the money paid or to be paid. The Company will not be responsible for a payment which is lost or delayed. The Company will be deemed to having made a payment and received a good discharge for it if a payment using any of the foregoing permissible means is made.

Discharge to Company

Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

Receipt of one holder sufficient

132. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

No interest on dividends

The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document shall be effective only if such document is signed by the member (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Board.

Waiver of dividends

# **Unpaid or Unclaimed Dividend**

134. (1) Where the Company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or claimed within thirty (30) days from the date of declaration, the Company shall, within seven (7) days from the date of expiry of the said period of thirty (30) days, transfer the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed, to a special account to be opened by the Company in that behalf in any scheduled bank subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

Transfer of unclaimed dividend

The company shall, within a period of ninety days of making any transfer of an amount under sub-section (1) to the unpaid dividend account, prepare a statement containing the names, their last known addresses and the unpaid dividend to be paid to each person and place it on the website of the company, if any, and also on any other website approved by the Central Government

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for this purpose, in such form, manner and other particulars as may be prescribed.

(2) Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven (7) years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund established under section 125 of the Act. Any person claiming to be entitled to an amount may apply to the authority constituted by the Central Government for the payment of the money claimed.

Transfer **IEPF** to Account

All shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for 7 (seven) consecutive years or more shall be transferred by the Company in the name of the Investors Education and Protection Fund subject to the provisions of the Act and Rules.

No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board until the claim becomes barred by Applicable Laws.

Forfeiture of unclaimed dividend

#### Accounts

135. The books of account and books and papers of the Company, or

Inspection Directors

by

(1) any of them, shall be open to the inspection of directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the

Restriction inspection

on by

(2) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any books of account or books and papers or document of the Company except as conferred by Applicable Laws or authorized by the Board.

members

#### Accounts to be audited

Auditors shall be appointed and their rights and duties regulated Audit in accordance with Section 139 to 147 of the Act.

### Winding up

136. Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder -

Winding up of Company

- (a) If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
- For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (c) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.
- Any person who is or has been a Director or manager, whose liability is unlimited under the Act, shall, in addition to his liability, if any, to contribute as an ordinary Member, be liable to make a further contribution as if he were at the commencement of winding up, a Member of an unlimited company, in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

#### Indemnity and Insurance

137. Subject to the provisions of the Act, every director, managing director, whole-time director, manager, company secretary and right to indemnity

Directors and officers

other officer of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company out of the funds of the Company, to pay all costs, losses and expenses (including travelling expense) which such director, manager, company secretary and officer may incur or become liable for by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him in his capacity as such director, manager, company secretary or officer or in any way in the discharge of his duties in such capacity including expenses.

- (b) Subject as aforesaid, every director, managing director, manager, company secretary or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under applicable provisions of the Act in which relief is given to him by the Court.
- (c) The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its present and/or former directors and key managerial personnel for indemnifying all or any of them against any liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable but have acted honestly and reasonably.

Insurance

#### Secrecy

138.

Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, Member of a Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required by the Directors, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pleading himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with the customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matter which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by any meeting or by a court of law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.

#### **General Power**

139.

Wherever in the Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorized by its Articles, then and in that case this Article authorizes and empowers the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry out such transactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided.

The Company shall from time to time comply with all the provisions as stipulated under the SEBI LODR and the rules and the regulation made by SEBI. Any provisions of these Articles which is contrary to the provisions of the SEBI LODR Regulations or rules and regulations made by SEBI or the provision of the Act or of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("Secretarial Standards"), the said provision shall be deemed to be amended to the extent necessary to make it compliant with the said SEBI LODR Regulations or the rules and regulations of the SEBI, the Secretarial Standards or the Act. In case of any inconsistency between the provisions of these Articles, SEBI LODR Regulations, SEBI rules and regulations and the Act, the provision/compliance which is/are more onerous shall be applicable in such case, and these Articles shall be deemed amended to such extent.

General power and

Requirement of compliance with the provisions of SEBI LODR Regulations (as amended) and the rules and regulations made by SEBI from time to time.



You

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We, the several persons whose names and address are hereunder subscribed below the desirous of heing formed into a Company in pursuance of these Articles of Association.

Name, address description and occupation of each Subscriber	Signature of subs- cribar	Name, addresses, description and occupation of wit- ness & his Signature
Mumbal, Dated: 1sth September, 1907.	A LOO	WITNESS TO BOTH.  (DHARMEN B SHAH).  Sh: BHASTAREA V SHAH  OK: CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT  Slezi, NAVSSVAN SOCIETY,  LAMINGTON ROAD.